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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION DRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) 12 22 0	EPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 61/01/03 AND ENDING MM/DD/YY	12/7/07
DDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) 12 22 0		NIN (107)
AME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT Frank A. G. G. G. G. G. G. G.	DDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) 12220 El Camina Real Suite 400	
AME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT Frank A. G. G. G. G. G. G. G.	$S_{e} = 0$ is $S_{e} = \frac{CA}{(S(atc))}$	92176 (Xip Code)
DEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* PKF		958-456-1062
PKF Certified Public Accountant [Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name) 2020 Canin Del Rio North South San Oreg. CA 92 (Address) (City) (State) PROCESSED Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions. PKF Accountant Accountant Thousant	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION	
HECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions. PROCESSED AUG 02 2004 THOMSON FINANCIAL		Ints
HECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions. PROCESSED AUG 02 2004 THOMSON FINANCIAL	2020 Canino Dal Rio North Soite 500 S (Address) (City) (State)	a. Dies. CA 9210
☐ Public Accountant ☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions. Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions. AUG 0 2 2004 THOMSON FINANCIAL	_	
MANACHE	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	AUG 02 2004
FOR OFFICIAL LICE ONLY	Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.	THOMSON FINANCIAL
FUR OFFICIAL USE CHILT	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	

Plaims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant ust be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Frank A. Gibilisco	. swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement	and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
California NET murle Conital	, Inc
December 31 ,20 0	3 are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
her the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal offic	ter or director has any proprietary interest in any account
isified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
F6 Partners LP	
	Λ
San Diego County Any Comm. Expites Aug. 2, 2005	
OOMM. # 1312179 NOTARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNIA San Diego County	Signature
ELIZABETH S. NORFLEET	Proside-T
50 4 5 10 1.	Title
ESch S Morfeer Notary Public	ELIZABETH S. NORFLEET
Notary Public V	Comm. # 1312179 NOTARY PUBLIC CALIFORNIA ()
s report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	San Diego County My Comm. Expires Aug. 2, 2005
(M) Facing Page. (M) Statement of Financial Condition.	
Statement of Income (Loss).	
Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Parti (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to C	
Computation of Net Capital.	mints of circulars.
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requireme	ents Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
information Relating to the Possession or Control Req	
	f the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Require (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited S	ements Order Exhibit A of Rule 1363-3. Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	
(X) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. A report describing any material inadequacies found to	exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous and
ON Independent Auditors Report in Internel	•
For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions	of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

CALIFORNIA NETWORK CAPITAL, INC.

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Report of Independent Auditors'

The Board of Directors and Stockholders California Network Capital, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of California Network Capital, Inc. as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial condition of California Network Capital, Inc. as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplemental information on schedules I through IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

San Diego, California February 6, 2004 PKF
Certified Public Accountants
A Professional Corporation

CALIFORNIA NETWORK CAPITAL, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2003 and 2002

ASSETS

	2003			2002	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 1) Commissions receivable Property and equipment, net Securities Deposits and other	\$	56,906 23,163 1,632,632 36,050 2,603	\$	98,108 53,759 98,229 36,050 14,742	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,751,354	<u>\$</u>	300,888	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER	'S EC	UITY			
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>\$</u>	7,558	\$	59,740	
Total liabilities		7,558		59,740	
Commitment and contingencies (Note 5)	·				
Stockholder's equity: Common stock, no par value; 1,000 shares authorized; 1,000 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit		110,000 2,570,921 (937,125)		110,000 727,171 (596,023)	
Total stockholder's equity		1,743,796	-	241,148	
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	1,751,354	\$_	_300,888	

CALIFORNIA NETWORK CAPITAL, INC. STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For The Years Ended December 31, 2003 and 2002

		2003		2002
_				
Revenues:	•	0.404.000	•	5 700 000
Listed and OTC commissions	\$	2,494,969	\$	5,728,388
Interest		1,484		9,539
Total revenues		2,496,453		5,737,927
Expenses:				
Clearing charges and other direct costs of revenue		635,947		2,089,185
Salaries and wages		345,373		865,590
Retirement plan expense		1,929		_
Rent		73,321		112,154
Travel and entertainment		575,479		89,011
Professional services		60,836		82,210
Payroll taxes		26,124		35,201
Office expense		27,604		25,827
Accounting and auditing		11,690		24,111
Computer		15,961		23,979
Depreciation		278,202		19,983
Telephone		12,916		18,596
Other operating expenses		7,366		10,573
Utilities		9,902		9,741
Maintenance and repairs		5,815		7,841
Parking fees		3,000		6,605
Loss on disposal of assets		<u>53,858</u>		<u></u> _
Total expenses		2,145,323		3,420,607
Income before income tax expense		351,130		2,317,320
Income tax expense (Note 4)		(7,200)		(36,000)
Net income	\$	343,930	\$	2,281,320

CALIFORNIA NETWORK CAPITAL, INC. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY For The Years Ended December 31, 2003 and 2002

	Comn Shares	non	Stock Amount	_	Additional Paid-In Capital	Ad	ccumulated Deficit	Sto	Total ockholder's Equity
Balance at December 31, 2001	1,000	\$	110,000	\$	727,171	\$	(554,636)	\$	282,535
Stockholder distributions	-				_		(2,322,707)		(2,322,707)
Net income				_	=		2,281,320		2,281,320
Balance at December 31, 2002	1,000		110,000		727,171		(596,023)		241,148
Stockholder contributions	-		-		1,843,750		-		1,843,750
Stockholder distributions	-		-		-		(685,032)		(685,032)
Net income		_					343,930	_	343,930
Balance at December 31, 2003	1,000	<u>\$</u>	110,000	\$_	2,570,921	<u>\$</u>	(937,125)	<u>\$</u>	1,743,796

CALIFORNIA NETWORK CAPITAL, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For The Years Ended December 31, 2003 and 2002

	2003			2002
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	343,930	\$	2,281,320
Depreciation (Note 1) Loss on disposal of assets Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		278,202 53,858		19,983 -
Commissions receivable Securities		30,596 -		26,678 36,050
Deposits and other Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Income taxes payable		12,139 (52,182) ————		(9,799) 35,233 (6,000)
Net cash provided by operating activities		666,543		2,383,465
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of property and equipment		(22,713)		(13,678)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Stockholder distributions	<u>,</u>	(685,032)		(2,322,707)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(41,202)		47,080
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		98,108		51,028
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>56,906</u>	\$	98,108
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMA	NOITA	:		
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	\$		<u>\$</u>	45,800
Cash paid during the year for interest	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING	G ANE	FINANCIN	G A	CTIVITIES:

During the year ended December 31, 2003, two assets valued at \$1,843,750 were contributed to the Company by the stockholder.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

California Network Capital, Inc., (the "Company") is a registered broker-dealer incorporated under the laws of the State of California maintaining its main office in Del Mar with a branch office in Rancho Santa Fe, California. The Company acts as an introducing broker/dealer and clears transactions on a fully disclosed basis through Speer Leeds & Kellogg, Inc. The Company is unique in that it primarily services only one client, FG Fund, LP (the "Fund"). The Company has an affiliation with FG Management, LLC ("FG"), that is registered with the Department of Corporations as a registered Investment Advisor as both are owned by one individual. FG currently acts as the General Partner of the Fund which was organized to buy and sell short publicly-traded equity securities, using leverage as a means to augment return.

Revenue Recognition

The Company earns commissions which result from the sale of limited partnership or membership interests under private offerings of the Fund and are recorded as they are earned. Commissions, which result from short sales, are recorded on a settlement date basis, as reported by the clearing firm.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all cash accounts, which are not subject to withdrawal restrictions or penalties, certificates of deposit and money market funds purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Included in cash and cash equivalents is \$50,000 of restricted cash pertaining to the Company's clearing house.

Securities

Securities consist primarily of NASDAQ stocks and warrants which currently have no public market. These securities are carried at their cost basis.

Financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist primarily of cash, accounts receivable, and accounts payable. These financial instruments are stated at their respective carrying values, which approximate their fair values at December 31, 2003.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and related disclosures at the date of the financial statements, and the amounts of revenues and expenses reported during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property and Equipment

Property, furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements are stated at cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from five to thirty years, or the life of the lease if shorter. Depreciation for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 was \$278,202 and \$19,983, respectively.

Property and equipment consists of the following at December 31, 2003 and 2002:

		2003	 2002
Aircraft Furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements Office equipment	\$	1,843,750 44,448 18,526 81,757	\$ 46,831 52,231 102,131
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(355,849)	 (102,964)
	<u>\$</u>	1,632,632	\$ 98,229

The Company currently has approximately \$46,000 of fully depreciated assets on its books.

Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Significant renovations are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining life of the property.

The cost and related accumulated depreciation of property and equipment are removed from the accounts upon disposition. Gains and losses arising from the dispositions are reported as income or expense.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected S-Corporation status for income tax purposes. Under this election, the stockholders of the Company are taxed individually on the income of the corporation. Therefore, no provision exists for Federal income taxes. However, there exists a provision for California income taxes because the State of California assesses a 1.5% minimum Franchise tax on S-Corporation earnings.

NOTE 2 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

As a broker-dealer, the Company is required under the provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to sustain \$5,000 in minimum capital requirements and to maintain a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, as defined, not exceeding 15-to-1. The basic concept of the rule is liquidity; its objective being to require a broker or dealer to have at all times sufficient liquid assets to cover its current indebtedness. At December 31, 2003 and 2002, the Company had net capital, as defined, of \$72,511 and \$92,127, respectively, which is \$67,511 and \$87,127 more than the required minimum capital, and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital of 0.10-to-1 and 0.65-to-1, respectively.

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 (per Paragraph K(2)(B) of such rule) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as a broker or dealer which carries no customer accounts and does not otherwise hold funds or securities of customers. Because of such exemption, the Company is not required to prepare a determination of reserve requirement for brokers or dealers.

NOTE 3 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Revenue

The Company's revenue consists of commissions earned on trades with a fund of which the Company stockholder is owner.

Administrative Expenses

The Company and its affiliated limited liability company, FG, share office space, furniture, equipment and office personnel, including an office lease in the name of FG.

Under a mutual agreement (the "Agreement") executed by the two entities, the Company agrees to pay all rent and administrative costs which are incurred by the two entities. This Agreement is to remain in force until amended in writing and agreed to by all parties. Because the office lease is in the name of FG, no long-term commitment exists for the Company. Rental expense under the Agreement amounted to \$73,321 and \$112,154 for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

NOTE 4 - INCOME TAXES

As discussed in Note 1, the Company has elected to be taxed as an S-Corporation for Federal and California tax purposes. Therefore, no Federal income tax provision is provided.

The tax provision of \$7,200 and \$36,000 for the years ended December 31,2003 and 2002, respectively, represents an estimate of California Franchise tax at a rate of 1.5 percent. Similar to the Federal rules, the net income passes through to the stockholders so that both Federal and California taxes are primarily paid on the individual level.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Credit risk

The Company maintains bank accounts and clearing accounts at various financial institutions primarily located in San Diego. Accounts at these institutions are secured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and Securities Investors Protection Corporation up to \$100,000. At times, balances may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes that the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk with respect to its cash and cash equivalents.

Nature of Business

Changes in the national and regional economic climates, changes in business relationships with its primary source of revenues (as described in Note 3), other laws and regulations, the costs of compliance with current and future laws, unusual occurrences and other factors beyond the control of the Company may adversely affect its future revenues.

Litigation

The Company is involved in legal actions arising in the normal course of business. Management and legal counsel are currently unable to determined the outcome of this matter.

NOTE 6 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

During January 2004, the Company sold the two aircrafts contributed by the stockholder during the year ended December 31, 2003.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CALIFORNIA NETWORK CAPITAL, INC.

Schedule I

Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness and Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 December 31, 2003 and 2002

NET CARITAL		2003		2002
NET CAPITAL Total stockholder's equity	\$	1,743,796	\$	241,148
Less non-allowable assets: Property and equipment, net Securities Deposits and other		1,632,632 36,050 2,603		98,229 36,050 14,742
Total non-allowable assets		1,671,285		149,021
Net capital		72,511		92,127
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT, minimum net capital required (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or \$5,000, whichever is greater)		5,000		5,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	<u>\$</u>	<u>67,511</u>	<u>\$</u>	87,127
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS Total liabilities excluding subordinated loans and liabilities secured by assets	\$	7,558	\$	59,740
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$</u>	7,558	<u>\$</u>	59,740
RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL		0.10 to 1		0.65 to 1

CALIFORNIA NETWORK CAPITAL, INC.

Schedule II

Reconciliation of the Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness and Net Capital with that of the Respondent as Filed in Part II of Form X-17A-5 December 31, 2003 and 2002

AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	 2003		2002
Aggregate indebtedness as reported by Respondent in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31 (Unaudited) Audit adjustments: Accounts payable	\$ 7,558 	\$	16,089 43,651
Total as computed on Schedule I	\$ 7,558	<u>\$</u>	59,740
NET CAPITAL Net capital as reported by Respondent in Part II of			
Form X-17A-5 as of December 31(Unaudited) Audit adjustments:	\$ 72,511	\$	135,755
Stockholder distributions	_		(51,021)
Securities	·		36,050
Deposits and other assets	_		(9,800)
Property and equipment	(332,060)		19,983
Accrued liabilities	_		(40,000)
Other adjustments			1,160
Depreciation expense	278,202		_
Loss on disposal of assets	 53,858		<u></u>
Total as computed on Schedule I	\$ 72,511	\$	92,127

CALIFORNIA NETWORK CAPITAL, INC.
Schedule III
Computation for Determination of Reserve
Requirements and Information Relating to
Possession or Control Requirements for
Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
December 31, 2003 and 2002

The Company does not effect transactions for customers, as defined in Rule 15c3-3. Accordingly, there are no items to report under the requirements of this rule.

CALIFORNIA NETWORK CAPITAL, INC. Schedule IV Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2003 and 2002

The Company does not hold customer securities, and consequently qualifies for exemption under the provisions of Rule 15c3-3.



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Report of Independent Auditors' on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

The Board of Directors and Stockholder California Network Capital, Inc. San Diego, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of California Network Capital, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2003, we considered its internal controls, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal controls.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures during the year ended December 31, 2003) followed by the Company that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a5(g): (i) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11); and (ii) in complying with the conditions of exemption from Rule 15c3-3. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company, (i) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities of Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; or (ii) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13, because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal controls and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal controls or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the internal controls to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal controls would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal controls that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal controls, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

The size of the business and resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those internal control practices and procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

The foregoing condition was considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of audit procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2003, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 6, 2004.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and the practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2003 to meet the SEC's objectives.

At December 31, 2003, the Company was in compliance with the conditions of its exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3 and no facts came to our attention during the audit indicating that such conditions had not been complied with during the year ended December 31, 2003.

San Diego, California February 6, 2004 **PKF**

Certified Public Accountants A Professional Corporation